solution again and list the steps you did. Put details in, such as writing down templates and equations. Rather write too much than too little, but try to be concise. Sketches help, too, and are very much welcome. The strategy is worth 4 points: 4 points for a perfect answer, 3 points if there is a minor mistake, 2 points for a more significant mistake, 1 point for a genuine, but wrong approach. 1 point is given for the correct numerical answer, no partial credit here. The whole final is worth 65 points. Here is one example of how you should present your solution.

Example The radiation level measured on Earth from a certain star is a sinusoidal function in time. At 2:30AM today, the radiation was at its maximum, 22 . The level decreased to its minimum of 3 at 5:30AM today.
(a) Determine the sinusoidal function that gives the radiation level $t$ hours after midnight.
(b) Starting from midnight, how long will it be until the level has been above 16 for a total of exactly 5 hours?

## Solution

(a) (i) I want to find $A, B, C, D$ in $A \sin \left(\frac{2 \pi}{B}(x-C)\right)+D$
(ii) $A=\frac{\text { maximum-minimum }}{2}$.
(iii) $D=$ minimum $+A$.
(iv) We can find the time between a maximum and a minimum time $_{\min }-$ time $_{\max }$. This time is half the period, multiplying this time difference by 2 gives us $B$.
(v) The unshifted version would have value $D$ at midnight. So the first maximum would appear $B / 4$ hours later. But our maximum appears at 2:30. The differences between the time in the unshifted version and the actual time I was given for the maximum tells me by how many units I have to shift the graph to the left or the right. This gives me $C$, where $C$ is positive if it is a shift to the right and negative it is a shift to the left.
(vi) The solution is $f(t)=9.5 \sin \left(\frac{2 \pi}{6}(t-1)\right)+12.5$.
(b) (i) We want $f(t)>16$. So I will find out when $f(t)=16$ and then graphically decide which times are above and which are below 16 .
(ii) With the help of arcsin I will find the principal and symmetric solution of $f(t)=16$.
(iii) I will sketch a graph (see page 2) and find out which are on the rising part of the function and which are on the decreasing part of the function. The former means that right after that time the index will be above 16, the latter one that right after the time it will fall below 16 .
(iv) I will add up times where the level is above 16 until the sum is 5 hours. As soon as I reach that I get the amount of hours I have to wait until 5 hours of index higher than 16 is reached.
(v) $t=13.8 h$

Example Final
Wednesday, March 11,2020 1:12 PM
(1) period 6, stating point $(C, D)=(1,12.5) \rightarrow$
(2) In the middle beturean land 7 at $(4,2.5)$

principal solution (A)
symmetric solution (8) (argue with symmetry:
distance $(A, 16)$ to $(C, D)$ is the
same as $(B, 16)$ to $(4, D)$
Now add up dashed.... distances until sum is $=5$, read of time when ties happens.
(a) Graphical Solution/Sketch

Throughout all the problems, when you round to the fourth decimal place.
Problem 1 (5 points). Credit institution RichBank and credit institution SwissBank make two different offers on their saving account options when a deposit of $\$ 10,000$ is made. RichBank offers a $6 \%$ annual interest rate, compounded monthly. SwissBank, on the other hand, offers $10 \%$ annual interest rate for the first 6 months and an annual $x \%$ for the following 6 months. What does the rate $x$ need to be when the gain with SwissBank is $\$ 100$ higher than with RichBank? Assume the accounts are kept untouched throughout. Strategy then final result, no algebra steps

Problem 2 (5 points). You are designing the top of a pencil pouch that consists of a rectangle to which a semi circle has been attached to both ends (see the sketch). The semicircles will be made from a material that costs 1ct per square centimeter. The material of the rectangular part costs 4 ct per square centimeter. The perimeter of the pouch must be 80 cm . How do you have to choose the radius and the 'open' side of the rectangle so that the cost is maximal? Before you start, label your sketch! Strategy then final result, no algebra steps

(a) Sketch of Pouch

Problem 3 ( $5+5+5$ points). A dog named Winston is running counterclockwise on a circular track with radius 2 km . Winston's angular speed is $1.2 \pi \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{hr}$. Winston starts at position $A$ and it takes him $\frac{3}{4}$ hours to reach position $B$. Impose a coordinate system that has the center of the circular track as its origin. Units for distances should be in km.

(a) Sketch not at scale
(a) How long has Winston been running when he reaches the southern most point of the track? Strategy then final result, no algebra steps
(b) Let $t$ be the time (in hours) that Winston has been running. Using the center of the track as the origin, express Winston's coordinates as functions of $t$. Strategy then final result, no algebra steps
(c) Find the distance of Winston from the point $(3,0)$ (where the car is parked) after running for $\frac{13}{8}$ hours. Strategy then final result, no algebra steps

Problem 4 (5 points). In a popular Washington state park, a new hiking loop is designed. We set the entrance to be the origin of a coordinate system. One leg of the new hiking loop is a parabola that starts at the entrance and has its most northern point at 1 km East and 4 km North from the entrance. The other leg of the loop is also shaped like a parabola section. It starts 0.5 km south of the entrance and has its southern most point 1 km east and 1 km south from the entrance. The path ends where the legs meet (West of the entrance). Where will that be? Strategy then final result, no algebra steps

Problem 5 ( $5+5$ points). Orca J-43 is sighted in Pudget Sound at the following depths (in feet) at certain times $t$ (in minutes) measured from sea level.

$$
D(t)= \begin{cases}59 & 0 \leq t<5 \\ t^{2}-22 t+144 & 5 \leq t<10 \\ 24 & 10 \leq t<18 \\ 8(t-15) & 18 \leq t \leq 22\end{cases}
$$

(a) What is the range of the function $D$ ? Strategy then final result, no algebra steps
(b) Another orca, K-97, also shows her presence in Pudget sound. If her depths (measured at the same time as above) is given by $g(t)=2 t+1$, at which times are both whales at the same depth? Strategy then final result, no algebra steps

Problem 6 ( $5+5$ points). Talia and Dina are planning to meet at he YMCA, which lies 5 km North of the City Hall. At 3pm, Talia heads in a straight line with constant speed toward the YMCA from a point 1 km South and 3 km West of the City Hall. After 5 minutes she is 2.5 km West, 0 km South of the City Hall.
(a) Let the City Hall be the origin of a coordinate system. Find the parametric equations for Talia's route. Strategy then final result, no algebra steps
(b) Dina starts 3 km East and 1 km North of the City Hall on a straight line. Given that she walks at a speed of 5 km per hour, at which time should she leave so that she and Talia arrive at the same time at the YMCA? Strategy then final result, no algebra steps

Problem 7 (5 points). A person is running along a beach (assume flat ground, no incline) at a constant speed of 10 km per hour. The runner notices a light house in the distance whose top shows an angle with the horizon of $1.55^{\circ}$. 2 minutes later, the angle is at $3.9^{\circ}$. What is the height in meters of the light house when we assume that the eyes of the runner are 1.4 m above the ground? Strategy then final result, no algebra steps

(a) Sketch not at scale

Problem 8 ( $5+5$ points). The temperature in Winterberg is a sinusoidal function in time. 120 days ago, the temperature was at its maximum value of $55^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. The tempearture has been falling since then, and 20 days from today it will reach its minimum value of $10^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
(a) Write a function $f(t)$ in sinusoidal standard form for the temperature in Winterberg, in Fahrenheit, $t$ days from today. Strategy then final result, no algebra steps
(b) People can only ski when the temperature is below $28^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Over the next 700 days (starting today), for how many days is it cold enough to ski? You can round all your answers to the nearest day. Strategy then final result, no algebra steps

