

NAME: SOLUTION

Test Prep 2

Let C_1 be the arc of the curve $x + 4y^2 = 1$ from $(1, 0)$ to $(0, \frac{1}{2})$.

And let C_2 be the line segment from $(0, \frac{1}{2})$ to $(-1, \frac{3}{2})$.

Let C consist of C_1 followed by C_2 . The curve C is shown below with the desired orientation.

1. Give a parameterization for C_1 .

$$x = 1 - 4y^2$$

$$\boxed{\begin{matrix} x = 1 - 4t^2 \\ y = t \end{matrix} \quad 0 \leq t \leq \frac{1}{2}}$$

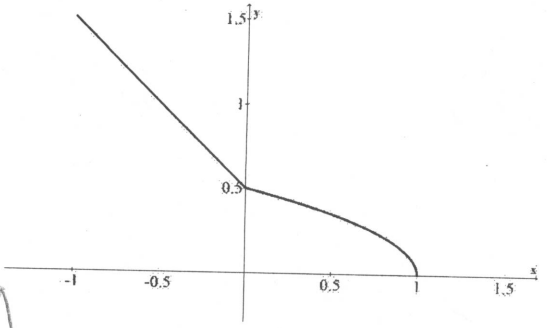
check orientation: $t=0 \Rightarrow (1, 0)$
 $t=\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow (0, \frac{1}{2})$ ✓

2. Give a parameterization for C_2 .

$$\left. \begin{matrix} x = (x_1 - x_0)t + x_0 \\ y = (y_1 - y_0)t + y_0 \\ 0 \leq t \leq 1 \end{matrix} \right\}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{matrix} x = -t + 0 \\ y = t + \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1}$$

check: $t=0 \Rightarrow (0, \frac{1}{2})$
 $t=1 \Rightarrow (-1, \frac{3}{2})$



3. Let $\mathbf{F} = \langle x, -y \rangle$ be a vector field.

Using your parameterizations, compute $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_{C_1} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} + \int_{C_2} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{C_1} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} &= \int_{C_1} x dx - y dy = \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} (1 - 4t^2)(-8t) dt - t(1) dt \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} -8t + 32t^3 - t dt = \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} -9t + 32t^3 dt \\ &= -\frac{9}{2}t^2 + 8t^4 \Big|_0^{\frac{1}{2}} = -\frac{9}{8} + \frac{8}{16} = -\frac{9}{8} + \frac{4}{8} = \boxed{-\frac{5}{8}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{C_2} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} &= \int_0^1 (-t)(-1) dt - (t + \frac{1}{2})(1) dt \\ &= \int_0^1 t - t - \frac{1}{2} dt = -\frac{1}{2}t \Big|_0^1 = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = -\frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{5}{8} - \frac{4}{8} = \boxed{-\frac{9}{8}}$$