Math 124 K - Autumn 2007 Mid-Term Exam Number One October 23, 2007

Name: _____

Student ID number: _____

Section:

1	12	
2	10	
3	10	
4	5	
5	10	
6	9	
7	9	
Total	65	

- Complete all questions.
- You may use a scientific calculator during this examination; graphing calculators and other electronic devices are not allowed and should be turned off for the duration of the exam.
- If you use trial-and-error, a guess-and-check method, or numerical approximation when an exact method is available, you will not receive full credit.
- You may use one double-sided, hand-written, 8.5 by 11 inch page of notes.
- Show all work for full credit.

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• You have 80 minutes to complete the exam.

1. Determine the values of the following limits or state that the limit does not exist. If it is correct to say that the limit equals ∞ or $-\infty$, then you should do so.

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to -3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 + 7x + 12}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 0^-} \frac{|x| - 3x}{|x| - 2x}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{(x+1)(3x+1)}{(2x+1)(x-1)}$$

(d)
$$\lim_{x \to 2^+} \frac{6}{(x-2)^3}$$

2. Evaluate the following limits.

(a)
$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{h^2 + 3h} - h}{\sqrt{h}}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{t \to \infty} \left(2\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{t}\right) + \frac{\cos(t^2 + 3)}{t^2 + 3} \right)$$

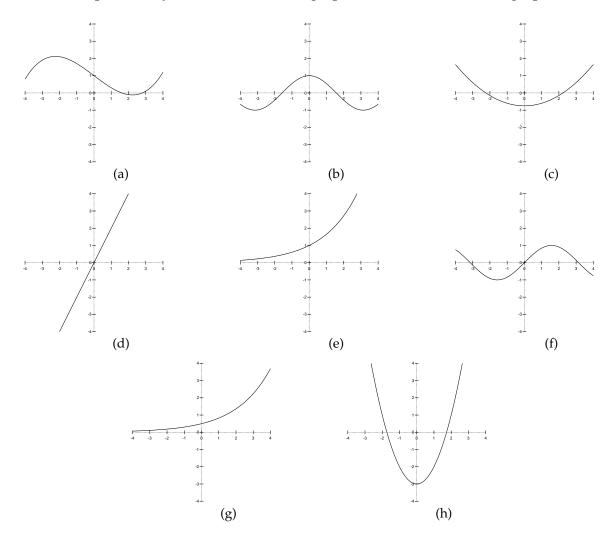
3. Find the tangent lines to the unit circle that pass through the point (2, 1).

4. Explain why the following function is discontinuous at x = 3.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 3 & \text{if } x \le 3, \\ \frac{x^2 - 9}{x - 3} & \text{if } x > 3. \end{cases}$$

5. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = \frac{1}{x}$ at the point $(2, \frac{1}{2})$.

6. In this problem, you are to match the graph of a function with the graph of its derivative.



Fill in the blank with the appropriate graph's letter.

- (a) Graph _____ shows the derivative of the function in graph (h).
- (b) Graph _____ shows the derivative of the function in graph (e).
- (c) Graph _____ shows the derivative of the function in graph (f).

7. A snail is roaming around the xy-plane. Its position t seconds after it starts moving is given by the equations

$$x = t^2 + 3t + 1, y = \frac{1}{2}t^2 - t$$

(a) Where is the snail when it starts moving?

(b) The snail starts on the *x*-axis, leaves and then returns some time later. What is the snail's horizontal velocity when it returns to the *x*-axis?