# Math 125 D Winter 2012 Mid-Term Exam Number One January 26, 2012 <br> Answers 

There were two versions of the exam.

## Version A

In version A , the integrand in problem 1(a) had $x^{2}$ in the denominator.

1. (a) $\frac{1}{3} x^{3}-\frac{1}{2} \cos x^{2}+C$ (b) $\frac{1}{6} x^{6}+x^{4}+\frac{3}{2} x^{2}+C$ (c) $\frac{1}{70}\left(2 x^{7}+5\right)^{5 / 2}-\frac{10}{84}\left(2 x^{7}+5\right)^{3 / 2}+C$
2. (a) 142.75 (b) $\frac{3}{2}(\ln 10-\ln 16)$ (c) $\frac{5}{2} \ln 2+\frac{\pi}{2}$
3. $g^{\prime}(x)=e^{x} \ln \left(1+e^{2 x}\right)+2 x \ln \left(1+x^{4}\right)$
4. $\frac{256}{3}$
5. The rock hit the surface with a velocity of $-14.91798 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.
6. (a) Several answers are possible. One is

$$
\int_{0}^{a^{2}}\left(\frac{y-a^{2}}{2 a}+a-\sqrt{y}\right) d y
$$

(b) $a=1200^{1 / 3}=10.626585 \ldots$

## Version B

In version $B$, the integrand in problem 1(a) had $x^{3}$ in the denominator.

1. (a) $x+\frac{1}{3} \sin x^{3}+C$ (b) $\frac{1}{6} x^{6}-x^{4}-\frac{5}{2} x^{2}+C$ (c) $\frac{1}{320}\left(4 t^{8}+3\right)^{5 / 2}-\frac{1}{64}\left(4 t^{8}+3\right)^{3 / 2}+C$
2. (a) 3596.25 (b) $\frac{5}{3}(\ln 7-\ln 16)$ (c) $2 \ln 2+\frac{3}{2} \pi$
3. $g^{\prime}(x)=e^{x} \ln \left(1+e^{2 x}\right)+2 x \ln \left(1+x^{4}\right)$
4. 36
5. The rock hit the surface with a velocity of $-16.35105 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.
6. (a) Several answers are possible. One is

$$
\int_{0}^{a^{2}}\left(\frac{y-a^{2}}{2 a}+a-\sqrt{y}\right) d y
$$

(b) $a=3852^{1 / 3}=15.67576 \ldots$

