Math 125 G - Winter 2008
Mid-Term Exam Number One January 31, 2008

Name: $\qquad$ Section: $\qquad$

| 1 | 20 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 2 | 10 |  |
| 3 | 10 |  |
| 4 | 10 |  |
| 5 | 10 |  |
| 6 | 15 |  |
| Total | 75 |  |

- Complete all questions.
- You may use a calculator, and you should have one, during this examination. Other electronic devices are not allowed, and should be turned off for the duration of the exam.
- You may use one double-sided, hand-written, 8.5 by 11 inch page of notes.
- Show all work for full credit.
- You have 80 minutes to complete the exam.

1. Evaluate the following integrals.
(a) $\quad \int(1+x)\left(x^{2}-x\right) d x$
(b) $\quad \int \frac{3 x+\sqrt{x}}{x^{2}} d x$
(c) $\quad \int_{-1}^{5}(3 x+|2 x-4|) d x$
(d) $\quad \int \frac{\cos (\ln x)}{x} d x$
2. Is $f(x)=x+\tan ^{-1} x$ an antiderivative of $g(x)=\frac{x^{2}}{1+x^{2}}$ ? Explain.
3. Let $f(x)=\int_{\sin x}^{x^{2}} \frac{1}{\ln t} d t$. Find $f^{\prime}(x)$.
4. Evaluate the following limit:

$$
\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n}(3 i+5)
$$

5. Find the area of the region in the first quadrant bounded by $y=x \sqrt{2-x}$ and $y=0$.

6. Consider the region in the first quadrant bounded by $y=1-x^{2}, y=0$ and $x=0$.
(a) Find the volume of the solid of revolution created by revolving this region about the $x$-axis.
(b) Find the volume of the solid of revolution created by revolving this region about the $y$-axis.
(c) Find the vertical line $x=a$ about which the region should be revolved to get a solid of revolution with volume the same as what you found in part (a).
