# Math 125 G - Winter 2009 

Mid-Term Exam Number Two
February 26, 2009 Answers

1. (a) partial fractions

$$
-\frac{1}{12} \log (|2 x+1|)+\frac{1}{3} \log (|x-1|)+\frac{1}{2} x+C
$$

(b) trig substitution

$$
-\frac{1}{3} x^{2} \sqrt{1-x^{2}}-\frac{2}{3} \sqrt{1-x^{2}}+C
$$

2. substitution (e.g. $u=\sqrt{x}$ ) then integration by parts

$$
2(\cos (\sqrt{x})(2-x)+4 \sin (\sqrt{x}) \sqrt{x})+C
$$

3. complete the square, then trig substitution

$$
\frac{x-2}{96 \sqrt{x^{2}-4 x+12}}+\frac{x-2}{24\left(x^{2}-4 x+12\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}+C
$$

4. This integral is improper: the integrand is undefined at $x=0$, which is within the limits of integration. Use a substitution (e.g. $u=e^{x}$ or $u=e^{x}-1$ ), and then partial fractions to get an antiderivative. Evaluating the appropriate limits, one finds that the integral is divergent.
5. integration by parts

$$
\frac{1}{2}
$$

6. volume $=1000 \pi g \int_{0}^{3}(4-y)^{2}(3-y) d y$
