

Math 126 D - Spring 2011  
Mid-Term Exam Number One  
April 26, 2011

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Student ID no. : \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Section: \_\_\_\_\_

1	10	
2	10	
3	10	
4	10	
5	10	
Total	50	

- Complete all questions.
- You may use a scientific, non-graphing calculator during this examination. Other electronic devices are not allowed, and should be turned off for the duration of the exam.
- If you use a trial-and-error or guess-and-check method when an algebraic method is available, you will not receive full credit.
- You may use one hand-written 8.5 by 11 inch page of notes.
- Show all work for full credit.
- You have 50 minutes to complete the exam.

1. Find the equation of the plane which contains the point  $(3, 2, 1)$  and the line of intersection of the planes

$$x + 2y - z = 5$$

and

$$2x - y + 4z = 1.$$

2. Consider the curve  $C$  defined by the vector function  $\vec{r}(t) = \langle t^3, t^2, \frac{1}{t} \rangle$ .  
Find the curvature of  $C$  at the point  $(8, 4, \frac{1}{2})$ .

3. A particle moves in three-dimensional space. Its position at time  $t > 0$  is given by the vector function

$$\vec{r}(t) = \left\langle 3t^2, \frac{2}{t}, 5t + 2 \right\rangle.$$

- (a) At what value(s) of  $t$  is the speed of the particle a minimum?

- (b) Find the tangential component of this particle's acceleration vector at time  $t = 1$ .

4. Find all points on the curve

$$x = 3t^2 + 2t, \quad y = 5t^2 - t$$

at which the tangent line to the curve passes through the point  $(0, -4)$ .

You only need to specify the  $t$  values of these points, not their coordinates.

5. Find the area of the triangle with vertices  $(0, 1, 2)$ ,  $(-1, 2, -1)$  and  $(3, 2, 1)$ .