## Math 135, Winter 2015, Homework 4

## For practice - do not hand in

- 1. Section 12.8, Problems 1, 9, 21, 25, 31, 37, 41, 45.
- 2. Section 12.9, Problems 1, 5, 9, 25, 29, 35, 43, 50.
- 3. Find the 5th degree Taylor Polynomial for the following functions:
  - (a)  $(x^3 + 1)e^{2x}$ .
  - (b)  $\sin(x+x^2)$ .
  - (c)  $\cos(e^x 1)$ .
- 4. Section 10.2, Problems 5, 15, 23, 40, 41, 42, 57, 61.
- 5. Section 10.3, Problems 19, 23, 32, 42.
- 6. Complex Notes All the exercise in the notes.

## To hand in

- 1. Show that  $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin k}{2^k}$  converges. Evaluate it using the fact that  $\sin k = \text{Im}(e^{ik})$ .
- 2. Prove by inducton on  $k \ge 0$  that  $\frac{1}{(1-x)^{k+1}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \binom{n+k}{k} x^n$  when |x| < 1, where  $\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$
- 3. Find all 4 (complex) roots of the equation  $z^4 + z^2 + 1 = 0$ .
- 4. Let z and w be complex numbers.
  - (a) Prove that  $|z + w| \le |z| + |w|$ . This is the triange inequality. Draw a picture of a triangle with sides given by the inequality.
  - (b) Prove that  $|z + w|^2 + |z w|^2 = 2(|z|^2 + |w|^2).$
- 5. Compute the limit

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\cos(\sin x) - \cos x}{x^2 \sin(x^2)}$$

using Taylor expansions.