ERRATA to "FOURIER ANALYSIS AND ITS APPLICATIONS"

(first three printings)

G. B. Folland

The following are errata for the early printings of the book. Some of them were corrected in the second printing, others in the third, and others in the fourth. Errata for the fourth and later printings (most of which also pertain to the earlier printings) are in a separate document.

Page 5, line 5: Here $\mathbf{n} \dots \rightarrow$ Here ∇u is the gradient of u in \mathbf{x} and $\mathbf{n} \dots$ Page 7, line 9: graviatational \rightarrow gravitational Page 12, line -15: of the form u of the form $\rightarrow u$ of the form Page 17, Exercise 6, line 1: family \rightarrow family of solutions Page 25, line -13: sems \rightarrow seems Page 27: Figures 1 and 2 are reversed. Page 31, line 3 of the exercises: Examples 1 and 2 \rightarrow Examples 2 and 1 Page 31, line 5 of the exercises: calculating \rightarrow calculating Page 40, line 10: entry 4 \rightarrow entry 6 Page 42, line -13: entry 2 \rightarrow entry 1 Page 42, line -11: entry $1 \rightarrow \text{entry } 2$ Page 68, line 10: The following problems \rightarrow Exercises 6–8 Page 74, line -8: but only that the \rightarrow but only that Page 78, line 13: Theorem 3.3 \rightarrow Theorem 3.2 Page 83, statement of Dominated Convergence Theorem, line 4: $x \in D \rightarrow \mathbf{x} \in D$ Page 90, statement of Theorem 3.10, line 3: an an \rightarrow an age 147, line -1: λ_k should be λ_k in all three occurrences. Page 148, line -6: In the denominator of the fraction to the right of center, $J_1(\lambda_k^2)$ \rightarrow $J_1(\lambda_k)^2$ Page 172, line 5: $\S6.2$. \rightarrow §6.3. Page 173, Exercise 7: Expand f is a \rightarrow Expand f in a Page 176, Equation (6.21): $1 - s^2 \rightarrow 1 - x^2$ Page 183, line $-2: c^u \nabla^2 u \rightarrow c^2 \nabla^2 u$ Page 216, line -4 (excluding the figure): $\operatorname{Res}_{z=i} \rightarrow \operatorname{Res}_{z=ia}$ Page 233, line $-9: \Delta_{\alpha} \widehat{f} = \Delta_0 \widehat{f} \rightarrow \Delta_{\alpha} \widehat{f} = \Delta_0 \widehat{F}$ Page 235, line 2 of Exercise 2: $dy ds \rightarrow ds dy$ Page 236, Exercise 9b: $\widehat{f}(\xi) \rightarrow \widehat{F}(\xi)$ and $\Delta_0 \widehat{f} \rightarrow \Delta_0 \widehat{F}$

Page 239, line 8: $\widehat{f}\widehat{G} \rightarrow \widehat{F}\widehat{G}$

Page 251, formula (7.39): $m = 0 \rightarrow n = 0$

Page 262, caption of Figure 8.1: $Si(t) \rightarrow Si(t)$

Page 265, Exercise 12, line 1: Exercise 9 \rightarrow Exercise 11

Page 272, Exercise 1: Exercise 6 \rightarrow Exercise 8

Page 278, line 1 of Exercise 8 (first printing): $u'_1 - u'_2 + u_1 - u_1u_2 \rightarrow u'_1 - u'_2 - u_1 - u_2$ Page 278, Exercise 8, line 1 (second and third printings): two consecutive minus signs should be a single minus sign

Page 282, line -1: Insert e^{zt} in the numerator of the last fraction, just before the $\sinh[(l-x)z/c]$.

Page 306, line -10: Begin a new paragraph with "We shall..."

Page 313, Exercise 9, line 4: continuously \rightarrow infinitely

Page 330, last line of paragraph 3: $F \rightarrow f$

Page 339, line 2 of Exercise 1: $\widehat{f} \rightarrow \widehat{F}$

Page 345, line 13: Example 2 \rightarrow Example 3

Page 354, line -4: Exercise 7 \rightarrow Exercise 8

Page 360, line 3: the 1 to the right of the curly brace (in the phrase "1 if $0 \le |x| \le ct$ ") should be 1/2c.

Page 371, line 7: Insert a minus sign before $(\lambda - \lambda_0)$.

Page 371, line 9: Delete the minus sign before \int_a^b .

Page 371, line 10: Delete the minus sign before \int_a^b .

Page 371, line 11: negative \rightarrow positive

Page 389, lines -6 and -5: All three occurrences of α_2 should be $\alpha_2 + \pi$

Page 391, line -7: $F(\mathbf{x},t) \rightarrow \sigma^{-1}F(\mathbf{x},t)$

Page 401, line 8: $\int_0^\infty u^{z-1}(1-u)^{w-1}du \quad \to \quad \int_0^1 u^{z-1}(1-u)^{w-1}du \text{ (change ∞ to 1 in the second integral)}$

Page 403, line 2: $\operatorname{Re} z > 0 \rightarrow \operatorname{Re} z > 0$. (insert period)

Page 414, Section 2.5, number 4: $\sin \frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{x} \rightarrow \sin \frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{l}$ Page 421, line $-2: 8\epsilon^2 \rightarrow 2\epsilon^2$

Page 429: At the top of the second column, add: Γ (gamma function), 399 Page 431: gamma function, 398 \rightarrow gamma function, 399