## Reading:

• Sections 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, and 2.4.

## Written Assignment:

- A. Exercise 2.19 (p. 38).
- B. Exercise 2.24 (p. 39).
- C. Exercise 2.25 (p. 39).
- D. Let  $H \subset \mathbb{R}^2$  be the right half-plane, defined by

$$H = \{(u, v) : u > 0\}.$$

Suppose  $C \subset H$  is a simple curve (see Example 2.18). The surface of revolution determined by C is the set  $S_C \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  defined by

$$S_C = \{(x, y, z) : (s(x, y), z) \in C\},\$$

where  $s(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ . The simple curve C is called the *generating curve* for the surface. Show that  $S_C$  is a regular surface.

E. Let  $f : \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$  be the function  $f(x, y, z) = x^2 - 2xy + y^2$ . Which level sets of f are regular surfaces? For each level set, either prove it is a regular surface or prove it is not.