

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

Student ID #: \_\_\_\_\_

QUIZ SECTION: \_\_\_\_\_

**Math 111**  
**Midterm I**  
January 27, 2011

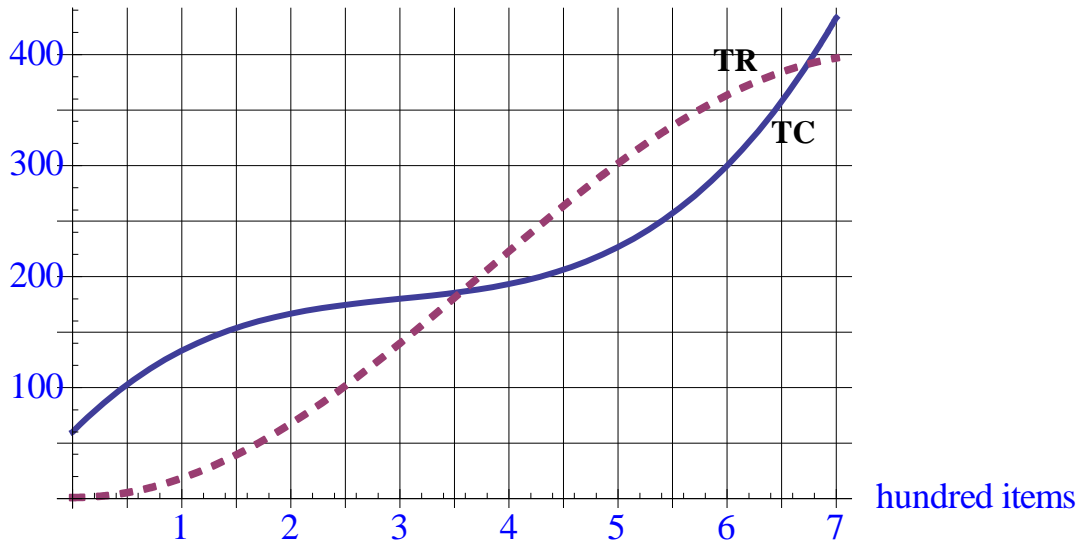
<b>Problem 1</b>	<b>14</b>	
<b>Problem 2</b>	<b>16</b>	
<b>Problem 3</b>	<b>12</b>	
<b>Problem 4</b>	<b>8</b>	
<b>Total:</b>	<b>50</b>	

- This exam is 50 minutes long. You may use a calculator, a ruler, and one double-sided sheet of notes.
- Your exam should contain 4 problems on 3 pages (not including this one). **Check that your test is complete!**
- Unless otherwise instructed, you **must indicate how you get your answers**. Answers with no justification may result in little or no credit, even if they are correct.
- On problems in which you use a graph, **carefully draw all lines you use, label them**, and mark the points you used. If you guess and check when a better method was taught in this class, you may not receive full credit.
- Write your **final answer in the indicated spaces**.
- If you need more room, use the backs of pages and indicate to the reader that you have done so.
- There are multiple versions of this test. Cheating will not be tolerated.
- Raise your hand if you have a question.

GOOD LUCK!

1. (14 points) The solid line graph below shows the total cost (TC), and the dotted line graph shows the total revenue (TR), in hundreds of dollars, for producing and selling  $q$  hundred Items.

hundred \$



a) (6 pts) Estimate the Average Cost and the Marginal Cost at 2 hundred Items.

ANSWER:  $AC(2) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ \$/item

$MC(2) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ \$/item

b) (2 pts) Give an interval of values of  $q$ , if any exists, over which the Marginal Revenue and the Marginal Cost are both decreasing.

ANSWER: from  $q =$  \_\_\_\_\_ to  $q =$  \_\_\_\_\_, OR: circle "none exists"

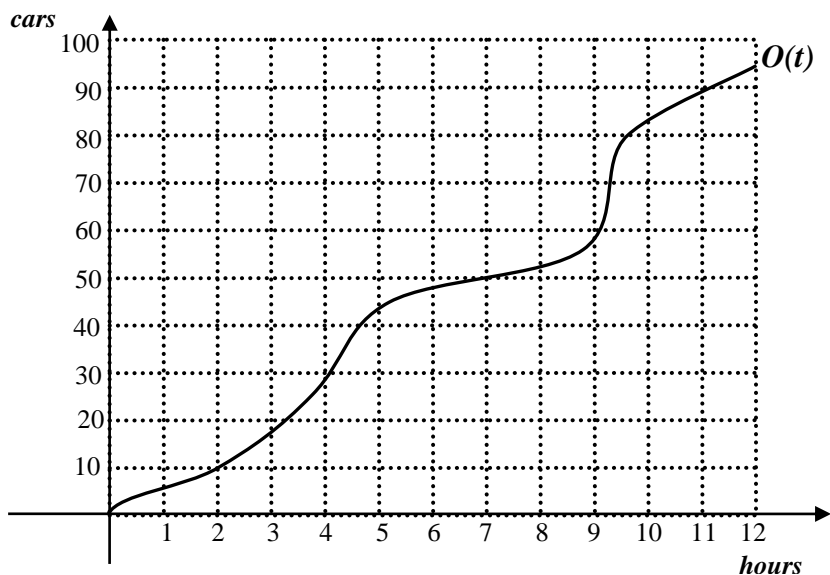
c) (2 pts) Find the longest interval of quantities which result in a profit.

ANSWER: from  $q =$  \_\_\_\_\_ to  $q =$  \_\_\_\_\_ hundred items

d) (4 pts) Suppose that, instead of having the total revenue from the graph above, you are now in a market price situation, which means that every item sells for the same price  $p$ . Your total cost graph remains the same as in the graph above. What is the lowest market price  $p$  that allows you to at least break even?

ANSWER: \_\_\_\_\_ \$/item

**2** (16 pts) The following graph,  $O(t)$ , shows the total number of cars that left a parking lot over a 12 hour period.



a) (4 pts) Find a three hour time interval during which 15 cars left the parking lot.

ANSWER:  $t =$  \_\_\_\_\_ to  $t =$  \_\_\_\_\_ hours.

b) (4 pts) Estimate the **highest** overall average rate at which cars leave this lot. Include correct units for your answer.

ANSWER: \_\_\_\_\_ units: \_\_\_\_\_

c) Suppose that cars enter this parking lot at a constant rate of 8 cars per hour.

i. (2 pts) Draw the graph of the total number of cars that entered the lot up to time  $t$  hours. Label it  $I(t)$ .

ii. (3 pts) Suppose that there are 20 cars parked in this lot initially (at  $t = 0$  hours).

How many cars are inside the parking lot at 5 hours? Make sure to explain your answer.

ANSWER: \_\_\_\_\_ cars

iii. (3 pts) At what time during the 12 hour period shown above will there be the most cars inside the lot?

ANSWER: at  $t =$  \_\_\_\_\_ hours

**3** (12 points) You produce and sell bottles of Love Potion #9. The table below shows your average cost (AC), marginal cost (MC), and marginal revenue (MR), in dollars per Item, for quantities between 0 and 12 bottles.

$q$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
AC:	----	14.8	8.05	5.6	4.3	3.6	3.31	3.3	3.38	3.5	3.55	3.55	3.43
MC:	3	1.8	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.65	1.9	3.2	4	4.5	4	3.5	2.1
MR:	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	-1	-2

- a) What is the total cost of producing 4 bottles?

ANSWER:  $TC(4) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ dollars

- b) List the longest interval of quantities over which your total revenue TR is increasing.

ANSWER: from  $q =$  \_\_\_\_\_ to  $q =$  \_\_\_\_\_ bottles

- c) What number of bottles should you produce and sell in order to maximize your profit?

ANSWER:  $q =$  \_\_\_\_\_ bottles

- d) What is the change in profit if the order size increases from 8 to 9 bottles?

ANSWER: Profit increases / decreases (circle one) by \_\_\_\_\_ dollars

**4** (8 pts=2+4+2) A Car and a Bus start from the same place and drive on a straight road in the same direction. Use  $C(t)$  and  $B(t)$  to denote the distance (in miles) they each traveled, respectively, after  $t$  minutes. Translate the following into functional notation. There is no need to show work or justify your answers.

- a) At 3 minutes, the Car was ahead of the Bus by 2 miles.

Translation:

- b) The average trip speed of the Car at 3 minutes was equal to the average speed of the Bus over a 2 minute time interval starting at  $t$  minutes.

Translation:

- c) After  $t$  minutes, the Bus reached the same place where the Car was 7 minutes earlier.

Translation: