

## Midterm 1 Solutions

1. (a) We need to solve

$$-\frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{3}{10}x + \frac{2}{5} = 0.06 = \frac{3}{50}.$$

Clearing denominators gives the equivalent equation

$$25x^2 - 15x - 17 = 0.$$

The desired solution is

$$\frac{15 - 5\sqrt{77}}{50} \approx -58 \text{ ft}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(b) } h(x) &= -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{3}{10}x + \frac{2}{5} - x(x-3) \\ &= -\frac{3}{2}x^2 + \frac{33}{10}x + \frac{2}{5} \end{aligned}$$

- (c) The vertex form for
- $h(x)$
- is obtained as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} h(x) &= -\frac{3}{2} \left( x^2 - \frac{11}{5}x - \frac{4}{15} \right) \\ &= -\frac{3}{2} \left\{ \left( x - \frac{11}{10} \right)^2 - \frac{121}{100} - \frac{4}{15} \right\} \\ &= -\frac{3}{2} \left\{ \left( x - \frac{11}{10} \right)^2 - \frac{443}{300} \right\} \\ &= -\frac{3}{2} \left( x - \frac{11}{10} \right)^2 + \frac{443}{200} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore the maximum height is

$$\frac{443}{200} \text{ hundred ft} \approx 222 \text{ ft.}$$

- (d) Solve
- $-\frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{3}{10}x + \frac{2}{5} = x^2 - 3x$
- , or equivalently

$$15x^2 - 33x - 4 = 0.$$

The sensible solution is

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \frac{33 + \sqrt{1329}}{30} \\ &\approx 2.32 \text{ hundred ft} \\ &\approx 232 \text{ ft.} \end{aligned}$$

Now plug this into either function to get the  $y$ -coordinate.

2. (a) The positive solution of  $2500 - 16t^2 = 0$  is  $t = \frac{50}{4} = 12.5$  sec.  
 (b)  $h(t) = 2500 - 16t^2 + 100 = 2600 - 16t^2$ . This is valid for  $0 \leq t \leq 12.5$ .  
 (c) The time since 12.5 seconds is  $t - 12.5$ :  $h(t) = -\frac{1}{2}(t - 12.5)$ .  
 (d)  $-\frac{1}{2}(t - 12.5) = -100 \Rightarrow t = 106.25$  sec.  
 (e)  $h(t) = \begin{cases} 2600 - 16t^2 & 0 \leq t \leq 12.5 \\ -\frac{1}{2}(t - 12.5) & 12.5 \leq t \leq 106.25 \end{cases}$

3. (a)  $h(t) = \frac{5}{4}t$ ,  $h(t) = 12 - \sqrt{49 - (t - 4)^2}$ ,  $h(t) = \sqrt{144 - (t - 11)^2}$   
 (b)  $h(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{5}{4}t & \text{when } 0 \leq t \leq 4 \\ 12 - \sqrt{49 - (t - 4)^2}, & 4 \leq t \leq 11 \\ \sqrt{144 - (t - 11)^2}, & 11 \leq t \leq 23 \end{cases}$   
 (c)  $12 - \sqrt{49 - (t - 4)^2} = 8 \Rightarrow t = 4 \pm \sqrt{33}$   
 $\Rightarrow t = 4 + \sqrt{44}$   
 $\sqrt{144 - (t - 11)^2} = 8 \Rightarrow t = 11 \pm \sqrt{80}$   
 $\Rightarrow t = 11 + \sqrt{80}$ .

The time spent above 800 ft is  $11 + \sqrt{80} - (4 + \sqrt{33}) = 7 + \sqrt{80} - \sqrt{33} \approx 10.2$  min.

4. (a)  $g(f(x)) = \sqrt{1 - (2x - 3)^2}$   
 (b)  $1 - (2x - 3)^2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow |2x - 3| \leq 1$   
 $\Rightarrow -1 \leq 2x - 3 \leq 1$   
 $\Rightarrow 1 \leq x \leq 2$   
 (c)  $h(3 + z) - H(3) = 2(3 + 2)^2 - (3 + 2) - 15$   
 $= 2z^2 + 11z$   
 $= z(2z + 11)$   
 $\frac{h(3 + z) - h(3)}{z} = 2z + 11$