

Math 310: Proofs By Induction Worksheet

1. Prove that for all  $n \geq 4$ ,  $3^n \geq n^3$ .

*Scratch work:*

(a) What is the predicate  $P(n)$  that we aim to prove for all  $n \geq n_0$ ?

$P(n) : \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$

(b) What is  $n_0 = ? =$

(c) So the base case consists of proving  $P(n_0)$ . Write out what this means, specifically for this problem.

$P(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) : \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$

Now verify it.

(d) The induction step is to show that  $P(k) \Rightarrow P(k + 1)$  (for any  $k \geq n_0$ ). Spell this out.

i. The *Induction Hypothesis* is  $P(k)$ . Write it out.

$P(k) : \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$

ii. Write out the goal:  $P(k + 1)$ .

$P(k + 1) : \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$

iii. Rewrite the LHS of  $P(k + 1)$  until you can relate it to the LHS of  $P(k)$ .

$3^{k+1} = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$

iv. Rewrite the RHS of  $P(k + 1)$  until you can relate it to the RHS of  $P(k)$ .

$(k + 1)^3 = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$

v. The induction hypothesis gives you the inequality between certain "chunks" of the RHS and LHS of  $P(k+1)$ . It remains to compare the remaining parts and show that the inequality holds between those too. Can you think of a way?

*Use the back of the page to write a clear, correct, succinct proof of the statement.*

2. Prove that 7 divides  $2^{n+2} + 3^{2n+1}$  for any non-negative integer  $n$ .

*Scratch work:*

(a) What is the predicate  $P(n)$  that we aim to prove for all  $n \geq n_0$ ?

$P(n) : \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$

(b) What is  $n_0 = ? =$

(c) So the base case consists of proving  $P(n_0)$ . Write out what this means, specifically for this problem.

$P(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) : \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$

Now verify it.

(d) The induction step is to show that  $P(k) \Rightarrow P(k + 1)$  (for any  $k \geq n_0$ ). Spell this out.

i. The *Induction Hypothesis* is  $P(k)$ . Write it out.

$P(k) : \underline{\hspace{10cm}} = 7a$  for some integer  $a$

ii. Write out the goal:  $P(k + 1)$ .

$P(k + 1) : \underline{\hspace{10cm}} = 7b$  for some integer  $b$

iii. Rewrite the LHS of  $P(k + 1)$  until you can relate it to the LHS of  $P(k)$ .

iv. Prove the induction step entirely.

*Use the back of the page to write a clear, correct, succinct proof of the statement.*