## Math 120 A - Autumn 2016 Midterm Exam Number One October 20th, 2016

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Student ID no. : \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

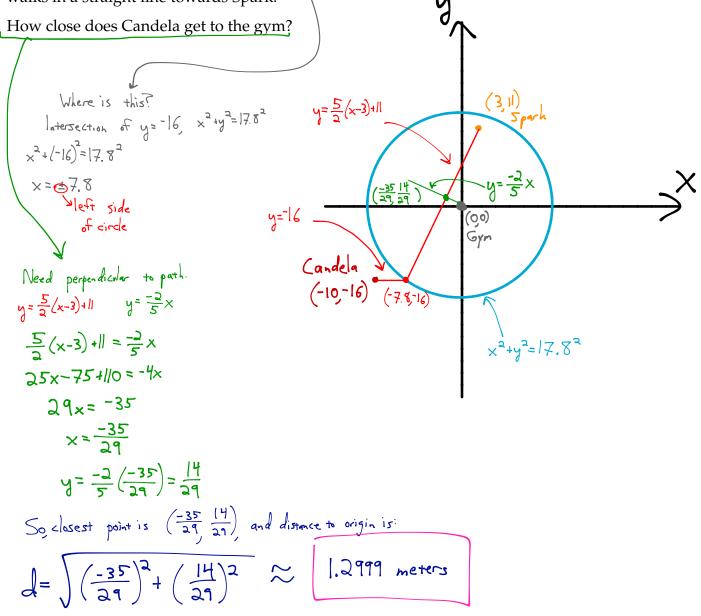
Section: \_\_\_\_\_

1	15	
2	15	
3	8	
4	8	
5	14	
Total	60	

- This exam consists of FIVE problems on FIVE pages, including this cover sheet.
- Show all work for full credit.
- You may use a TI-30X IIS calculator during this exam. Other calculators and electronic device are not permitted.
- You do not need to simplify your answers.
- If you use a trial-and-error or guess-and-check method when a more rigorous method is available, you will not receive full credit.
- If you write on the back of the page, please indicate that you have done so!
- You may use one hand-written double-sided 8.5" by 11" page of notes.
- You have 50 minutes to complete the exam.

1. **[15 points]** Candela stands 10 meters west and 16 meters south of a gym. Spark stands 3 meters east and 11 meters north of the gym.

Candela walks due east until she is 17.8 meters away from the gym. Then, she turns and walks in a straight line towards Spark.



## 2. **[5 points per part]** Luke and Reva begin walking in the *xy*-plane at constant speeds at the same time.

Luke walks from (3,5) to (-2,4) in a straight line, reaching it in 10 seconds.

Reva walks from (-4, 6) in a straight line. When Luke crosses the *y*-axis, Reva is at (4, 1).

(b) Write parametric equations for Reva's position, t seconds after she starts walking. When is this?  $x = 3 - \frac{5}{2}t = 0$ 

$$3 = \frac{1}{2}t$$

$$z = 6$$

$$x_{0} = -4 \quad y_{0} = 6$$

$$x_{1} = 4 \quad y_{1} = 1$$

$$\Delta x = 8 \quad \Delta y = -5$$

$$\Delta t = 6 \quad x = -4 + \frac{8}{6}t$$

$$y = 6 - \frac{5}{6}t$$

(c) When is Luke directly east of Reva?

$$y^{-coordinates} \text{ are equal}^{i}$$

$$5 - \frac{1}{10}t = 6 - \frac{5}{6}t$$

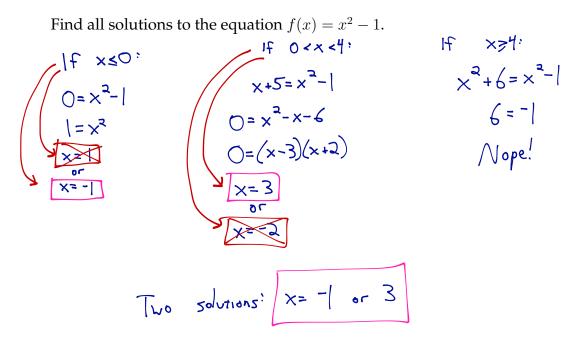
$$\left(\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{10}\right)t = 1$$

$$\frac{44}{60}t = 1$$

$$t = \frac{60}{44} = \frac{15}{11} \text{ seconds}$$

3. **[8 points]** Consider the following multipart function *f*:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x \le 0\\ x+5 & \text{if } 0 < x < 4\\ x^2+6 & \text{if } x \ge 4 \end{cases}$$



4. [8 points] Find all values of *d* such that the vertex of  $y = dx^2 + 5x + d + 1$  is on the *x*-axis.

$$c - \frac{b^{2}}{4a} = 0$$

$$d + 1 - \frac{5^{2}}{4d} = 0$$

$$4d(d + 1) = (\frac{25}{4d}) 4d$$

$$4d^{2} + 4d = 25$$

$$4d^{2} + 4d - 25 = 0$$

$$d = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4(4)(-25)}}{8} \approx \frac{-3.0495}{2.0495}$$

5. **[14 points]** Ken sells sweaters. His profit is a quadratic function of the price he charges.

If he gives the sweaters away for free, he will **lose** \$100.

If he charges \$10 per sweater, he will **earn** \$80.

If he charges \$20 per sweater, he will **earn** \$180.

Profit How much will he earn by charging \$33 per sweater?

 $y = ax^2 + bx + <$ 

$$x=Q, y=-100 = (-100 = -100) = (-100)$$

So' 
$$y = -0.4x^{2} + 22x - 100$$
  
And when  $x = 33$ ,  $y = -0.4(33)^{2} + 22(33) - 100 = 190.4$   
So' \$190.40