Announcements

- This week: 7.8, Midterm Review and 8.1
- Homework # 7A & 7B Due Tonight, Wednesday, November 16, 11:00pm
- Homework # 8A & 8B Due Wednesday, November 23, 11:00pm
- Midterm # 2, Thursday, November 17 (Covers through section 7.8)
 - One 8.5 × 11 handwritted sheet of notes (both sides)
 - Give Exact Answers! You will lose points if you do not give the exact answer (unless a decimal approximation is asked for).
 - Show all of your work! Correct answers without correct justification will not receive full credit.
 - ► The only calculator which may be used is the Ti-30x IIS.
 - You may use any of the 20 integrals from the table on p. 495 without justification. Must show your work in evaluating any other integrals. (except sec³ x) even if they are on your note sheet.

Today

- Review L'Hospital's rule
- Review for second Midterm

Daniel Pollack: Math 125 A & B

L'Hospital's rule

Suppose that f and g are differentiable and that $g'(x) \neq 0$ near a (except possibly at a). Suppose that

$$\lim_{x \to a} f(x) = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \lim_{x \to a} g(x) = 0$$

or that

$$\lim_{x \to a} f(x) = \pm \infty$$
 and $\lim_{x \to a} g(x) = \pm \infty$.

(In other words we have an indeterminate form of the type $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$.)

Then

$$\lim_{x \to a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \lim_{x \to a} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$$

if the limit on the right side exists or is ∞ or $-\infty.$

Compute the following definite integrals:

$$\bullet \int_0^1 (x^2+1)e^{-x}\,dx$$

•
$$\int_0^{3\pi^2} \cos\sqrt{x+\pi^2} \, dx$$

Occupie the following indefinite integrals:

•
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx$$

•
$$\int \frac{x^3}{x^2+x+\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

- The portion of the graph $y = e^x$ between x = 0 and $x = \ln 5$ is rotated about the *y*-axis to form a container. The container is filled with water. The density of water is 1000kg/m^3 , and the acceleration due to gravity is 9.8 m/s^2 .
 - (a) Write an integral that computes the work required to pump all the water up out of the tank. Do not evaluate the integral.
 - (b) Use Simpson's rule with n = 4 to approximate the work above.