## SOME GEOMETRIC FORMULAS

Let $A B C$ be a triangle with the sides $a, b$, and $c$, and the angles $\angle A, \angle B$, $\angle C$. We denote by $R$ and $r$ respectively the radius of the circumscribed (inscribed) triangle. $S$ is the area, $p=a+b+c$ is the perimeter.

1. LaWs of sin and cos

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}=2 R[\text { Law of Sines] } \\
& c^{2}=a^{2}+b^{2}-2 a b \cos C \text { [Law of Cosines] }
\end{aligned}
$$

## 2. Area

$S=\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}, s=\frac{p}{2}$ is the semi-perimeter [Heron's f-la]
$S=\frac{a h}{2}$ [h=height perpendicular to a]
$S=2 R^{2} \sin A \sin B \sin C$
$S=\frac{a b c}{4 R}$
$S=\frac{p r}{2}$
$S=\frac{a b \sin C}{2}$
$S=\frac{a^{2} \sin B \sin C}{2 \sin A}$

