

Summer Institute for Mathematics at the University of Washington

2012 Problems

1. Assume that x, y, z are numbers with x + y + z = 1 and 0 < x, y, z < 1. Prove that

$$\sqrt{\frac{xy}{z+xy}} + \sqrt{\frac{yz}{x+yz}} + \sqrt{\frac{zx}{y+zx}} \le \frac{3}{2}$$

- 2. A polynomial p(x) satisfies p(5-x) = p(5+x) for all real x. Suppose p(x) = 0 has four distinct real roots. Find the sum of these roots.
- 3. A person cashes a check at a bank. By mistake the teller pays the number of cents as dollars and dollars as cents. The person spends \$3.50 before noticing, then later finds that the remaining money is exactly double the amount of the check. What was the amount?
- 4. Let a, b, c be integers such that 2005 divides both ab + 9b + 81 and bc + 9c + 81. Prove that 2005 also divides ca + 9a + 81.
- 5. Two thieves stole an open chain with 2k white beads and 2m black beads. They want to share the loot equally, by cutting the chain in pieces in such a way that each one gets k white beads and m black beads. What is the minimum number of cuts that is sufficient? Describe an algorithm to make the cuts.
- 6. Find all solutions of the system

$$x + \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}) = y,$$
(1)

$$y + \log(y + \sqrt{y^2 + 1}) = z,$$
 (2)

$$z + \log(z + \sqrt{z^2 + 1}) = x.$$
(3)

- 7. Find all solutions of $\cos x \cdot \cos 2x \cdot \cos 3x = 1$.
- 8. Let ABCD be a unit square and mark off points E, F, G, H successively in sides AB, BC, CD, DA so that $AE = BF = CG = DH = \frac{2011}{2012}$. Prove that the region that is the intersection of triangles AGB, BHC, CED, DFA is a square with area

$$\frac{1}{2011^2 + 2012^2}.$$