## Math 525

## Homework due 01/28/2015

## Reading from Folland: Chapter 4: sections 2, 4, 5 and 6.

**Problem 1:** Let (X, d) be a metric space. Prove that if A and B are closed disjoint subsets of X there exist open disjoint sets U and V such that  $A \subset U$  and  $B \subset V$ .

**Problem 2:** Let X be a topological space. Let  $U \subset X$  be an open set. Prove that if A is dense in X then  $\overline{U} = \overline{U \cap A}$ .

**Problem 3:** Let X and Y be topological spaces. Prove that the following are equivalent:

- 1.  $f: X \to Y$  is continuous.
- 2.  $f(\overline{A}) \subset \overline{f(A)}$  for all  $A \subset X$ .
- 3.  $\overline{f^{-1}(B)} \subset f^{-1}(\overline{B})$  for all  $B \subset Y$ .

**Problem 4:** Let X and Y be topological spaces. Assume that Y is Hausdorff, and  $f, g : X \to Y$  are continuous. Prove

- 1.  $\{x \in X : f(x) = g(x)\}$  is closed in X.
- 2. If f = g on a dense subset of X then f = g on all of X.

## Problem 5:

- 1. Let X and Y be topological spaces, let X be compact and  $\pi_2 : X \times Y \to Y$  denote the projection onto Y. Let  $A \subset X \times Y$  be a closed subset. Show that  $\pi_2(A)$  is a closed subset of Y.
- 2. Let X and Y be topological spaces, and assume that Y is Hausdorff. Prove that if  $f: X \to Y$  is continuous then graph f is a closed subset of  $X \times Y$ . Here

graph 
$$f = \{(x, f(x)) : x \in X\}$$
.

Show by an example that the converse is false.